

SALT POOL MAINTENANCE

1. Salt level should be approx. 3000-3400 ppm. Check system manufacturer for exact specifications. Test salt levels monthly or after heavy rain periods.
2. Test pH & Alkalinity weekly, and adjust accordingly. pH should be kept close to 7.2, and alkalinity approx. 80-100. Salt pools cause pH to rise. Not correcting can cause scaling, equipment damage, and unit's ability to produce effective chlorine.
3. Add a sequestering product regularly to prevent scale buildup on pool surface or equipment. **Stain & Scale Control** is recommended. See bottle for application.
4. Inspect salt generator cell monthly. Clean salt cell at least once per season and also upon closing pool (only a 15-minute procedure). If cell needs cleaning more than annually, please speak with a PPP service tech as this is usually indicative of chemical imbalances.
5. Shock pool at least every 2 weeks. We recommend using **Poolife Quick Swim**. This is a non-chlorine shock which contains a clarifier - keeping chlorine levels low & water crystal clear.
6. Use **Poolife Enzyme** after parties or bad weather to remove organic wastes from excessive bather load or garden debris.
7. Test phosphate levels monthly and adjust if necessary. Excessive phosphate levels can damage your cell generator.
8. Do NOT use water softener salt as it is not purified and will cause staining of your pool surface.

